Supervision Agreement



Supervision is a joint endeavour in which a Minister, with the help of a supervisor, develops themselves in relation to their ministry and wider context; attends to the people they minister to; and by developing their own practice; feeds back into the knowledge and effectiveness of the wider Churches of Christ Movement. While skills coaching is additionally valuable, it does not replace the personal development of the Minister.

Period			
Supervisee and Supervisor will work togeth to decide whether to renew for c	·	, with	a review in
Frequency			
Four sessions annually is the recommende frequency of meeting and duration of Supsituation.			-
Supervisee and Supervisor will meet once	everym	onth/quarter for	·
When and Where			
PROPOSED DATES	FORM OF N	NEETING (Zoom, face	e to face etc.)
Supervisors contact details &			
Phone:	Email:		
Primary Vocation: Coach/Mentor Supervisor-clinical	□ Counsellor□ Supervisor-pastoral	□ Psychologist	□ Spiritual Director
Qualification:			
Professional Body:			
I declare that I am in active Supervision –	supervisor to sign:		
Costs			
Fee for sessions - \$ per sessi	ion.		

Supervisor will supply an invoice to Supervisee to pass on to their employer if required.

Confidentiality

The maintaining of confidentiality for all Superv Christ's Code of Conduct.	risors and Supervisees will be in accordance with Churches of
\Box I, the supervisee, have discussed with my sp	ouse my commitment to this covenant with my Supervisor.
Covenant to the best of our ability. We pledge within the Supervision relationship. If we breach	ethical and legal obligations specified in this Supervision to comply with Code of Conduct and practise these standards this covenant or the Code of Conduct, we agree that Churches ountable for doing so, in accordance with the Procedure, if
Supervisee	
Print Name	Supervisee Signature
Date	
Supervisor	
Print Name	Supervisor Signature
Date	

Initiative

It will be the responsibility of the Supervisee to make and confirm arrangements with Supervisor for Supervising sessions, and to keep the Supervisor aware of developments in Supervisee's life.

Agenda/Focus

Each session should include agreeing on the agenda, reviewing actions from earlier supervision, listening, exploring and reflecting, agreeing on future actions, and reviewing the Supervision process itself. Confidentially (no need to record on this agreement) discuss what areas special consideration may be given to when you meet.

Pastoral supervision sessions typically cover a range of topics aimed at supporting and reflecting on the supervisee's ministry practice. Here are some common areas of focus:

- 1. **Reflective Practice**: Supervisees reflect on their ministry experiences, discussing what went well, what challenges they faced, and what they learned from these experiences.
- 2. **Relational Dynamics**: Exploring relationships with congregants, colleagues, and the broader community. This includes discussing any conflicts, pastoral care issues, and ways to improve these relationships.
- 3. **Theological Reflection**: Integrating theological insights with practical ministry. This involves reflecting on how their faith and theological understanding inform their ministry actions and decisions.
- 4. **Self-Care and Wellbeing**: Addressing the supervisee's personal wellbeing, including stress management, work-life balance, and spiritual health.
- 5. **Ethical and Professional Issues**: Discussing ethical dilemmas, professional boundaries, and maintaining confidentiality in pastoral care.
- 6. **Vocational Development**: Focusing on the supervisee's ongoing professional development, including identifying areas for growth, setting goals, and planning for future ministry challenges.
- 7. **Case Studies**: Reviewing specific pastoral cases or incidents to gain deeper insights and develop better strategies for handling similar situations in the future.

Supervision notes

All Supervision sessions should be recorded by both the Supervisor and Supervisee including dates and duration as well as areas covered and discussion points. The benefits of Supervision by its nature are difficult to identify and examine. Keeping a record of the Supervisory relationship enables Supervisors and Supervisees to track the relationship and any progress made. Recording meeting dates and content gives structure and accountability to the relationship. Supervisor and Supervisee agree to store these notes in a secure and confidential location.